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B603-0001 Salad Bowl Finish

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

RPM Wood Finishes Group 3194 Hickory Boulevard Hudson, North Carolina 28638 828-728-8266

Health: 1 Flammability: 2 Reactivity 0

PRODUCT NAME: B603-0001 Salad Bowl Finish

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

REVISION DATE.

18/11/04

SUPERCEDES:

26/02/02

MSDS NO.

B603-0001

II. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME	9/0	CAS#	PEL	
aliphatic hydrocarbons	61-70	8052-41-3	500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 TWA	
l'ung oil	1-10	8001-20-5	No PEL established	
ethylbenzene	1-10	100-41-4	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	
p-xylene	<u>~1</u>	106-23-3	No PEL established	
o-xylene	٠	95-47 o	No PEL established	
m-xylene	· 1	108-38-3	No PEL established	

III. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Routes of Entry:

Eye contact., Inhalation., Skin contact., None Known.

Medical Conditions Aggravated:

Kidney disease. Eye disease, St in disease including eczema and sensitization.

Respiratory disease including a firma and bronchitis. No medical conditions affected

by exposure. Digestive tract disease, Liver disease.

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects

Inhalation:

Can cause severe central nervous system depression (including unconsciousness). No hazard in normal industrial use. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Can cause severe

respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible

unconsciousness.

Skin Contact:

Moderately irritating to the skin. Can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and

dermatitis. Not likely to cause prosument damage.

Eye Contact: Can cause irritation. Can cause severe irritation. Eye contact may result in corneal

injury. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear

production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Temporary vision

impairment (cloudy or blurred vision) is possible.

Skin Absorption: Can be absorbed through the skin but exposure must be extensive before adverse

health effects occur. A single exposure is not likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in barmful amounts. Toxic and may be harmful if absorbed through the skin; may produce target organ damage. Minimal hazard in normal

industrial use. May cause gastrointestinal discomfort.

Ingestion: Aspiration of material into the least can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be

fatal. May cause vomiting, Irrita: 110 mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause

abdominal discomfort, nausea, vocating and diarrhea.

Target Organ Acute Toxicity:

Stoddard solvent skin, eyes, CNS, respiratory system, kidneys

Ethyl benzene eyes, respiratory system, skin. (NS

p-Xylene CNS, eyes, blood, liver, kidneys, skin, GI tract, respiratory system o-Xylene CNS, eyes, blood, liver, kidneys, skin, GI tract, respiratory system m-Xylene CNS, eyes, blood, liver, kidneys, skin, GI tract, respiratory system

Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity: ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP, OSHA, Contains a substance that is a probable cancer

hazard based on human studies.

Reproductive and Developmental

Toxicity:

A component in this product has been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals at the sessible that could be encountered in the workplace.

No data.

Mutagenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1%

is mutagenic or genotoxic.

Inhalation: Upon prolonged and/or repeated a posture, can cause severe respiratory irritation,

dizziness, weakness, fatigue, natoria, headache and possible unconsciousness.

Skin Contact: May cause lingering affects but not likely to result in permanent damage if the

exposure is eliminated. Upon proceed or repeated contact, can cause moderate skin

irritation, defatting, and dermata at likely to cause permanent damage.

Eye Contact: Upon prolonged or repeated contact may

result in corneal injury. Symptome and tear production, with marker timess and swelling of the conjunctiva. Temporary

vision impairment (cloudy or ble - I vision) is possible.

Skin Absorption: Contains methanol. Upon proton of or repeated exposure, may cause deterioration of

the optic nerve if large quantities are absorbed through the skin. Repeated absorption of large quantities may lead to bloomings. Upon prolonged or repeated exposure, minimal hazard in normal industries. May cause gastrointestinal discomfort.

Target Organ Chronic Toxicity: Kidneys. Eyes. Skin. Nervous: om. Respiratory Tract. Digestive Tract. Liver.

Blood.

Supplemental Health Hazard Information:

No additional health information available.

IV. FIRST AID

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately. Have a trained individual

administer himidified oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids

often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention and monitor the eye daily as advised by your

physician.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical

attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Drink two glasses

of water or milk to dilute. Provide medical care provider with this MSDS.

Notes to MD: No additional first aid information available.

V. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Summary:

Flash Point: 125 (CALC.) °F 6.0 (a) 77° F

Upper Flammable/Explosive

Limit, % in air:

Lower Flammable/Explosive

Limit, % in air:

1.1 (a) 77° F

Fire Hazards: Vapors may be ignited by sparks, flunes or other sources of ignition if material is

above the flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and

may travel to a source of ignition and flash back.

Extinguishing Media: Alcohol foam Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical

> extinguishing agents. Water may be ineffective but water spray can be used extinguish a fire if swept across the base of the flames. Water can absorb heat and keep exposed

material from being damaged by fire.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while

floating on the surface. Do not enter fire area without proper protection including selfcontained breathing apparatus and ! ! protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location described potential of hazardous vapors and

decomposition products.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide

VL ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health Consideration for Spill

Response:

No health affects expected from the clean-up of this material if contact can be avoided. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section

VIII of this MSDS

Spill Mitigation Procedures

General Methods:

No special spill clean-up considerations. Collect and discard in regular trash.

VIL HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Follow all protective equipment recommendations provided in Section VIII. Use

spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Mildly irritating material. Avoid

unnecessary exposure.

Storage: Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a cool dry place away from ignition

sources. Store in a cool dry place, Isolate from incompatible materials.

VIII. ENGINEERING CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Engineering Controls: Check ventilation codes | Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are

normally required when handling or using this product to avoid overexposure.

Protective Equipment

Respiratory Tract: Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and

safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2-1992). A written respiratory protection program, including provisions for medical certification, training, fit testing, exposure assessments, maintenance, inspection, cleaning, and

convenient, sanitary storage should be implemented.

Eyes: Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product.

Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material. Do not wear contact lenses. Have an eye wash station available.

Skin: Avoid skin contact by wearing chemically resistant gloves, an apron and other

protective equipment depending up. a conditions of use. Inspect gloves for chemical break-through and replace at regular intervals. Clean protective equipment regularly. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating.

drinking, and when leaving work.

IX. PHYSICAL DATA

Physical State: COLORED LIQUID

Odor: OILY HYDROCARBON

 Solids Vol %:
 27.9655

 Solids Wt %:
 35.6095

 Material VOC lbs/gal:
 4.6351

 Material VOC gms/l:
 556.6352

 Coatings VOC lbs/gal:
 4.6351

 Coatings VOC gms/l:
 556.6352

 Weight per gallon:
 7.2148

X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Information: Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid: heat, sparks, flame and oxidizing agents. Caustic amines, alkanoamines

andinorganic acids. None known.

Chemical Incompatibility: Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids.

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chemical Name CAS Number LD50/LC50

 Benzene, ethyl-p-Xylene
 100-41-4
 Oral LD50 Rat : 3500 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : 17800 uL/kg

 m-Xylene
 106-42-3
 Inhalation LC50 Rat : 4550 ppm/4H; Oral LD50 Rat : 5 gm/kg

 m-Xylene
 108-38-3
 Oral LD50 Rat : 5 gm/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit : 14100 uL/kg

XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Overview (for ingredients): No data available. This material is not expected to be harmful to the ecology.

XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Description for Spent The waste may be a characteristic buzardous waste. Spent or discarded material is a

Product: hazardous waste

Disposal Methods: Comply with all Local, State, Federal, and Provincial Environmental Regulations.

Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local, or Provincial regulations.

Potential EPA Waste Codes: If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001.

Components Subject to USEPA Land Disposal Restrictions:

Ethyl benzene 100-41-4 1.25 %

XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT Flammable liquids, n.o.s., 3, UN 1993, III (contains)

See 49CFR 172.101 for Special Provisions, Packaging, and Quantity Limitations.

XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Name	hemical Name Regulation		%	
Ethyl benzene	SARA 313 Reportable:	CASRN 100-41-4	1.25	
p-Xylene	SARA 313 Reportable:	106-42-3	0.78	
o-Xylene	SARA 313 Reportable:	95-47-6	0.32	
m-Xylene	SARA 313 Reportable:	108-38-3	0.2	
Benzene, ethyl-	California Proposition 65 Cancer List:	100-41-4	1.25	
aliphatic hydrocarbons	New Jersey Right To Know:	8052-41-3	60.83	
Tung oil	New Jersey Right To Know	8001-20 - 5	3.32	
ethylbenzene	New Jersey Right To Know	100-41-4	1.25	
p-xylene	New Jersey Right To Know:	106-42-3	0.78	
o-xylene	New Jersey Right To Know:	95-47-6	0.32	

XVI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Other Information:

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